

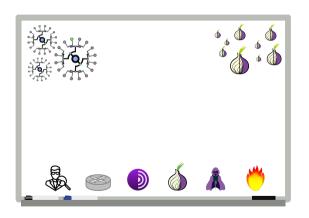
# On Certificate Transparency Verification and Unlinkability of Websites Visited by Tor users

June 12, 2023

Rasmus Dahlberg

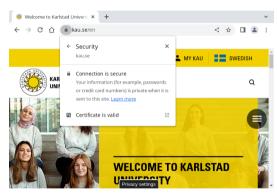
rasmus.dahlberg@kau.se

#### **Outline**

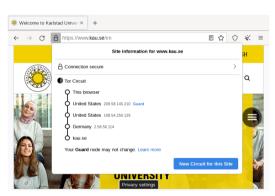


- 1. Introduction
- 2. Thesis overview
- 3. Contributions
- 4. Take away

#### How is all of this related to you?



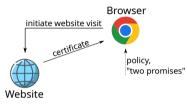
Web browsing



Possibly with Tor Browser

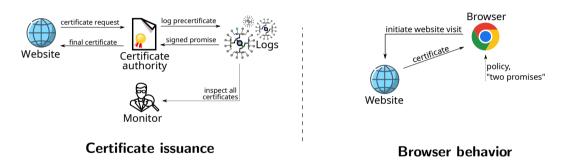
# Some preliminaries, Certificate Transparency what?





Browser behavior

# Some preliminaries, Certificate Transparency what?



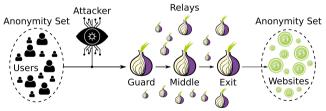
Why should we take log promises at face value?

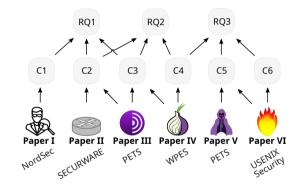
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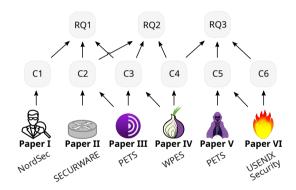
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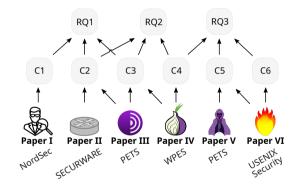


# Contributions

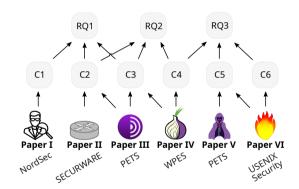
1. Reduced trust in third-party monitoring



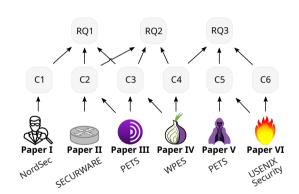
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- 2. Increased probability of split-view detection



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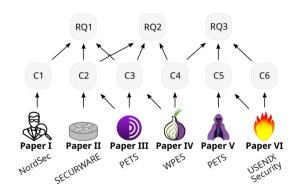


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- 4. An extension of the attacker model for website fingerprinting



#### Contributions

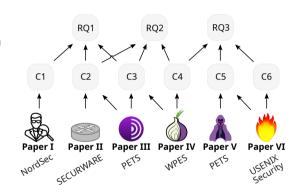
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- 5. Remotely-exploitable probing-attacks on Tor's DNS cache



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#### Contributions

- 1. Reduced trust in third-party monitoring
- 2. Increased probability of split-view detection
- 3. Improved detectability of website hijacks targeting Tor Browser
- 4. An extension of the attacker model for website fingerprinting
- 5. Remotely-exploitable probing-attacks on Tor's DNS cache
- 6. A redesign of Tor's DNS cache to defend against all (timeless) timing attacks



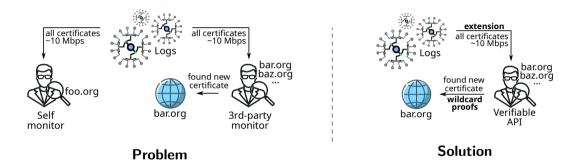
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# C1: Reduced trust in third-party monitoring

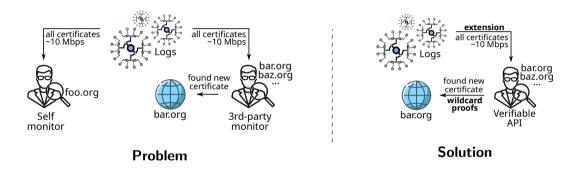


#### **Problem**

# C1: Reduced trust in third-party monitoring

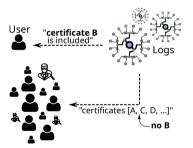


#### C1: Reduced trust in third-party monitoring



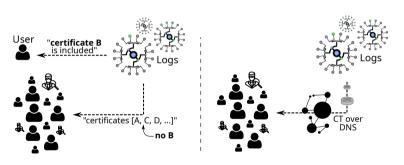
Secure in multi-instance setting, small performance overhead

# C2: Increased probability of split-view detection



#### **Problem**

# C2: Increased probability of split-view detection

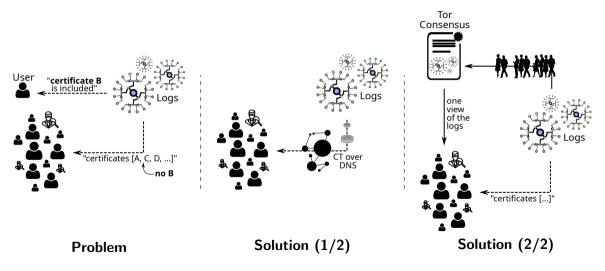


Problem

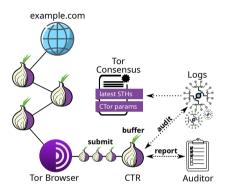
Solution (1/2)

https://www.rgdd.se/

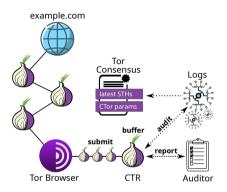
# C2: Increased probability of split-view detection



https://www.rgdd.se/



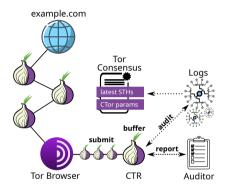
**Solution (continued)** 



Solution (continued)

#### Attacker capabilities

- Vanilla Tor Browser threat model
- Plus zero-day on Tor Browser
- Plus operates enough logs



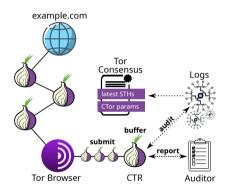
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#### Security

- Break any of the four phases
- "Break" must go unnoticed



# **Solution (continued)**

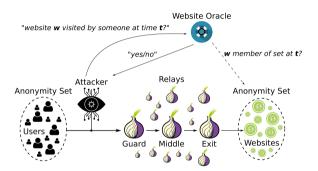
#### Attacker capabilities

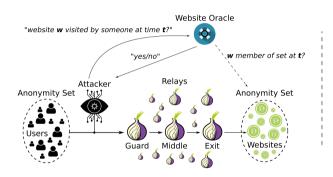
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#### Security

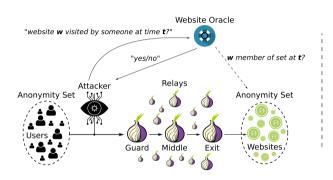
- Break any of the four phases
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Gradual roll out, also use-cases relating to onion services

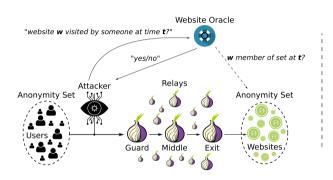




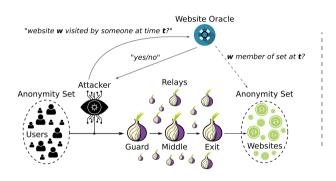
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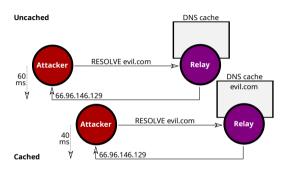
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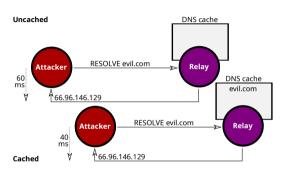
Certificate Transaprency logs, Certificate Authorities, ...

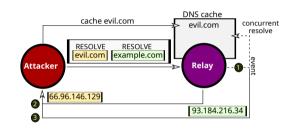
# C5: Remotely-exploitable probing-attacks on Tor's DNS cache



Timing attack

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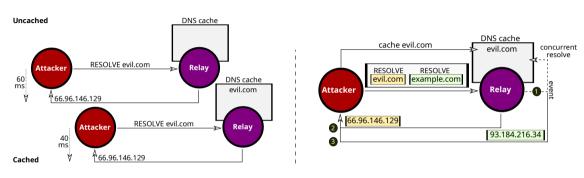




Timing attack

Timeless timing attack

# C5: Remotely-exploitable probing-attacks on Tor's DNS cache

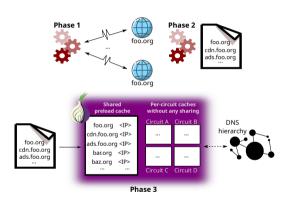


Timing attack

Timeless timing attack

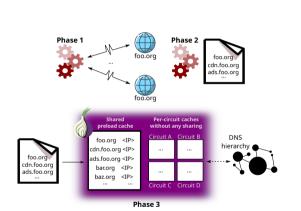
12M repetitions in the live Tor network, fully reliable attack prototype

# C6: A redesign of Tor's DNS cache to defend against all (timeless) timing attacks

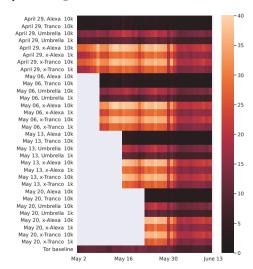


Preloaded DNS cache

# C6: A redesign of Tor's DNS cache to defend against all (timeless) timing attacks



Preloaded DNS cache



#### Summary of research methods



Threat modelling, proof sketching



Real-world measurements



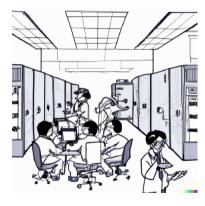
Network simulation



Prototyping and evaluation

#### Take away

- Trust requirements can be reduced wrt. monitors and logs
- Certificate Transparency can work in Tor Browser's setting
- The website fingerprinting threat model could be stronger
- "On..."



https://www.rgdd.se/ Take away 14/1

# Thank you Paul Sy

Paul Syverson Linus Nordberg Matthew Finkel Tom Ritter **Tobias Pulls** 

Jonathan Vestin Andreas Kassler Toke Høiland-Jørgensen





Knowledge Foundation

